



***Cryptosporidium* in Surface and Coastal Waters**

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CDC

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NOAA

Cryptosporidiosis

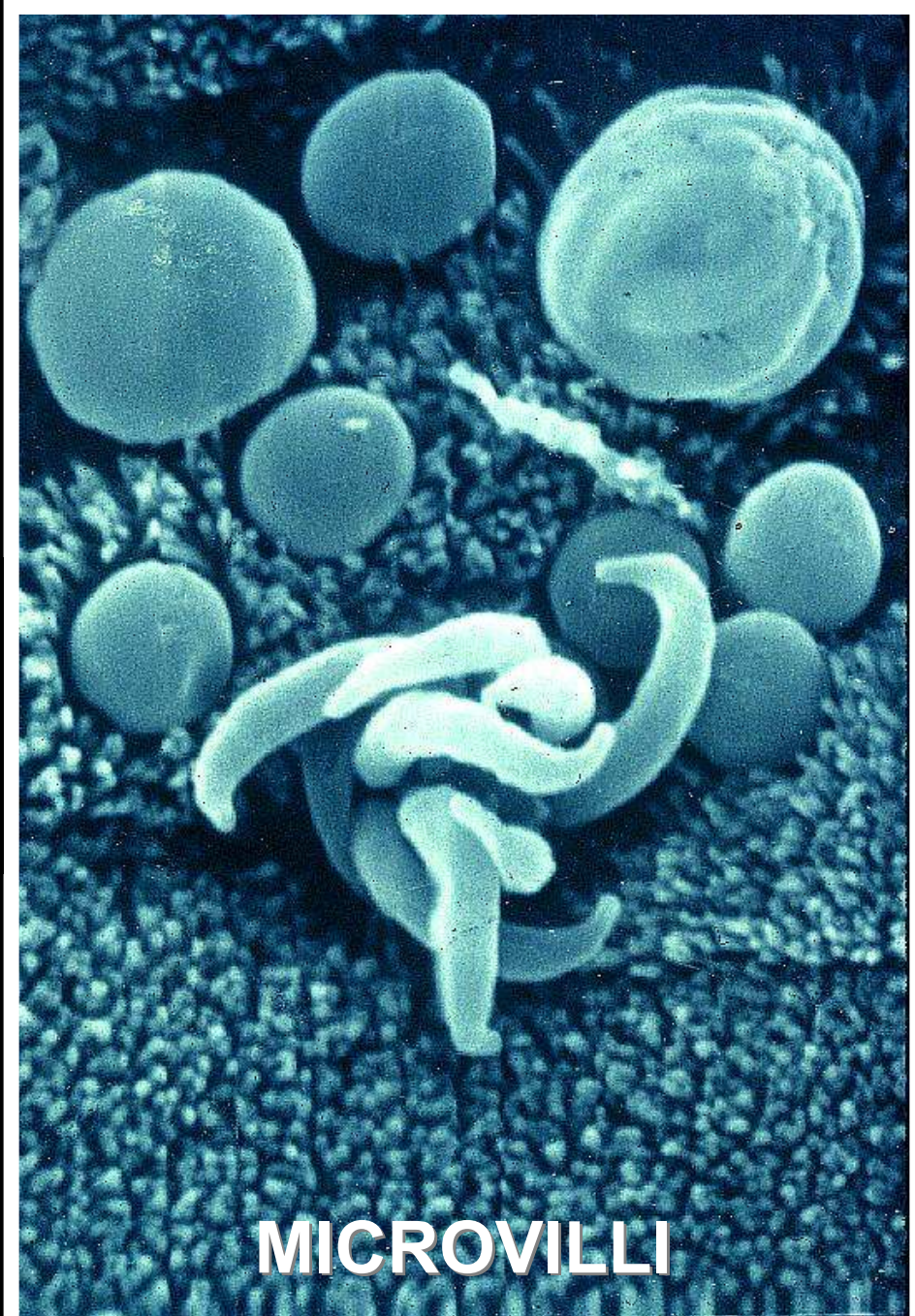
Clinical signs lasting 1-2 weeks

- Profuse watery diarrhea
- Frequent voluminous bowel movements
- Rapid weight loss
- Dehydration
- Abdominal pain
- Nausea
- Vomiting
- Fatigue
- Loss of appetite

SMALL INTESTINE
CRYPTOSPORIDIUM
PARVUM

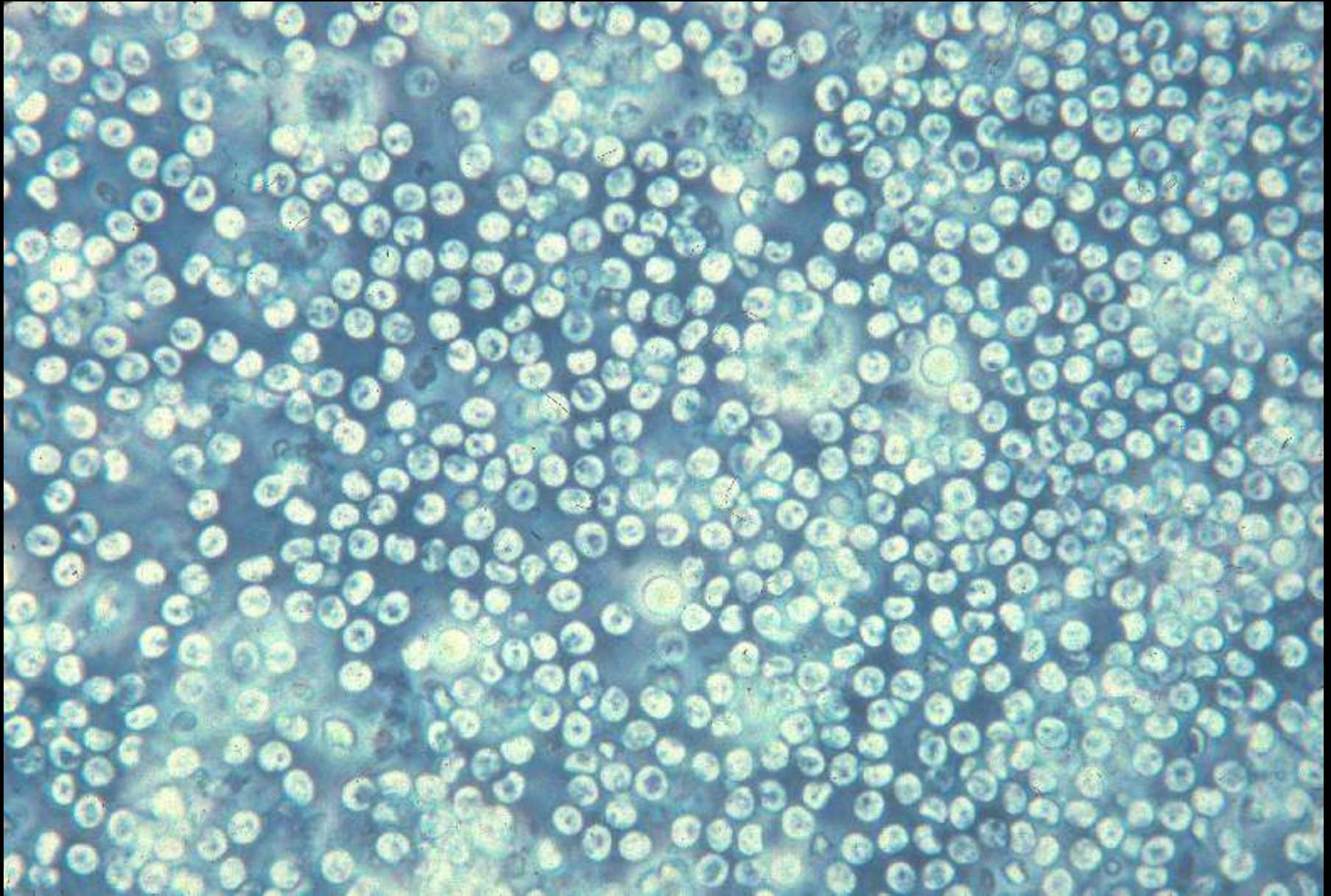


INTESTINAL STAGES OF CRYPTOSPORIDIUM

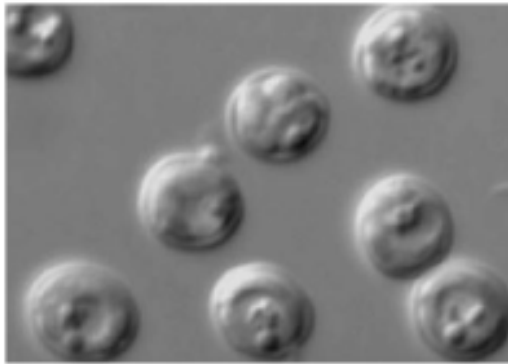


MICROVILLI

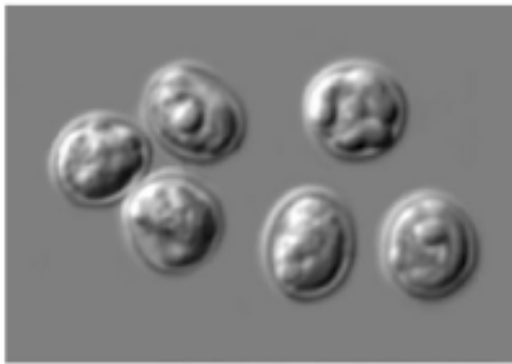
DIARRHEA CONTAINING OOCYSTS



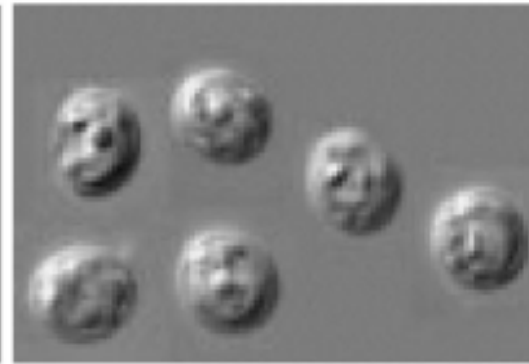
Differential Interference Contrast DIC



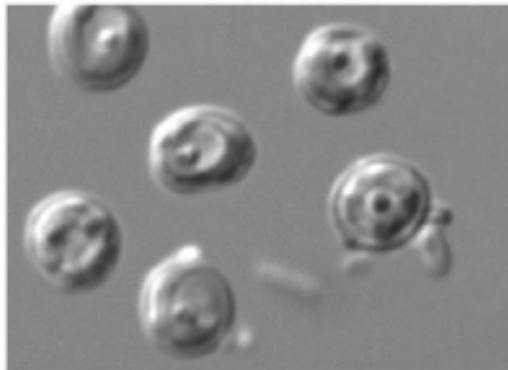
C. parvum



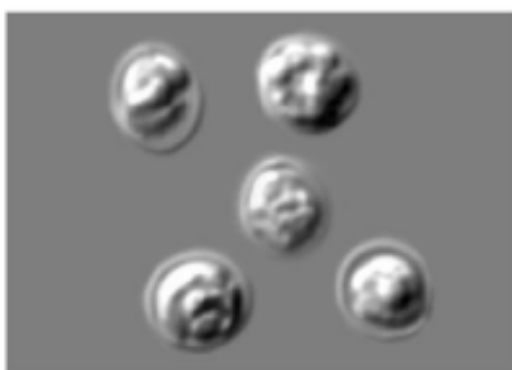
C. hominis



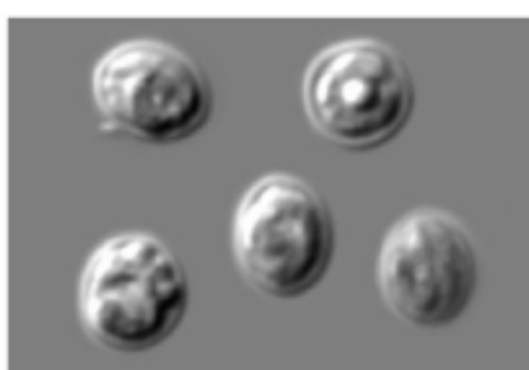
C. meleagridis



Pig genotype I



C. saurophilum



Opossum genotype I

PCR

CAUTION: Sample blocks may be very hot !
ATTENTION: Les blocs peuvent être très chauds !

A ● Block Status ● B
● Heating
● Cooling

Instant Incubate

Block

Power

MJ RESEARCH



PTC-200
Peltier Thermal Cycler

DNA Engine

1 4.0° 1.00 0.00
2 4.0° 1.00 0.00
3 4.0° 1.00 0.00
4 4.0° 1.00 0.00
5 4.0° 1.00 0.00
6 4.0° 1.00 0.00
7 4.0° 1.00 0.00
8 4.0° 1.00 0.00
9 4.0° 1.00 0.00
10 4.0° 1.00 0.00



Select



1

2

3



Proceed

4

5

6

7

8

9

Cancel

.

0

-



Pause

Stop



GENE SEQUENCING

3100 Genetic Analyzer

AGGTCTCTAATCTTCAGTGCAC
CGTTCTTCCAATTCCGGAATCA
ACGTTTCAGTGCCACGTTTCGTG
CCACGTTTCAGTGCCACGTACGT
CATTCCACGTCAGTGCACGTAC
GTCATTTCAGTGCCACGTAGGTC
TCTAATCTTTCAGTGCACCGTTCT
TCCAATTCCGGAATCACGTTCA
GTGCCATCACGTTCGTTCGTGC
CACGTTCA

Cryptosporidium: species and hosts

18 Species

Major Hosts

Minor Hosts

C. andersoni
C. baileyi
C. bovis
C. canis
C. fayeri
C. felis
C. galli
C. hominis
C. meleagridis
C. molnari
C. muris
C. parvum
C. ryanae
C. scophthalmi
C. serpentis
C. suis
C. varani
C. wrairi

Cattle, Camel
 Chicken, Turkey.....
 Cattle
 Dog
 Kangaroo
 Cat
 Chicken, Passeriformes
 Human, monkey.....
 Turkey, Human
 Fish
 Rodent
 Cattle, Human
 Cattle
 Fish
 Snake
 Pig
 Lizard.....
 Guinea pig

-
 3 Avian Orders Human
 -
 Human
 -
 Human, Cattle
 -
 Dugong, Sheep
 Parrot
 -
 Human, hyrax, Mtn goat
 Rodents, Ruminants -
 -
 -
 Lizard
 Human, Cattle
 Snakes
 -

***Cryptosporidium*: species in humans**

18 Species

Major Hosts

Minor Hosts

C. andersoni

C. baileyi

C. bovis

C. canis

C. fayeri

C. felis

C. galli

C. hominis

C. meleagridis

C. molnari

C. muris

C. parvum

C. ryanae

C. scophthalmi

C. serpentis

C. suis

C. varani

C. wrairi

Cattle, Camel

Chicken, Turkey.....

Cattle

Dog

Kangaroo.....

Cat

Chicken, Passeriformes

Human, monkey.....

Turkey, Human

Fish

Rodent

Cattle, Human

Cattle.....

Fish

Snake

Pig

Lizard.....

Guinea pig

-

3 Avian Orders Human

-

Human (Cattle)

-

Human, Cattle

-

Dugong, Sheep, Cattle

Parrot

-

Human, hyrax, Mtn goat

Rodents, Ruminants

-

-

Lizard

Human, Cattle

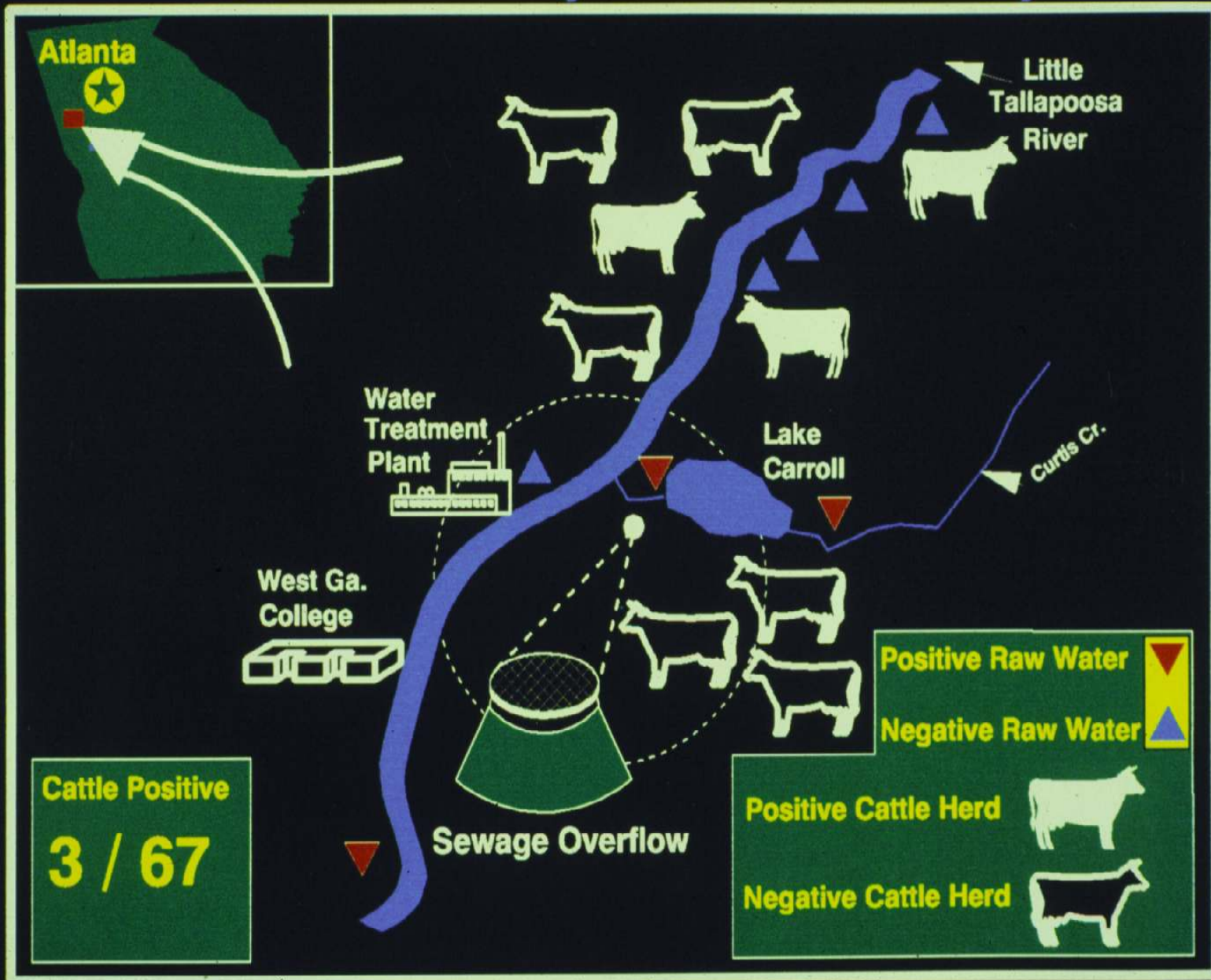
Snakes

-

DRINKING WATER OUTBREAKS

LOCATION	DATE	CASES	SOURCE
TEXAS	1984	2000	WELL
NEW MEXICO	1986	78	SURFACE
UK	1986	16	RIVER
TEXAS	1987	600	WATER SYSTEM
GEORGIA	1987	13,000	RIVER
UK	1989	516	RIVER
PENNSYLVANIA	1991	551	WELL
SWEDEN	1991	600	MUNICIPAL
UK	1991	47	RIVER
UK	1991	44	MUNICIPAL

Carroll County River/Cattle Survey



DRINKING WATER OUTBREAKS

LOCATION	DATE	CASES	SOURCE
OREGON	1992	15,000	SPRING/RIVER
UK	1992	125	MUNICIPAL
WISCONSIN	1993	403,000	LAKE
WASHINGTON	1993	7	WELL
MINNESOTA	1993	27	LAKE
UK	1993	43	PRIVATE
NEVADA	1994	78	LAKE
FLORIDA	1995	72	CONTAM AT TAP
MASSACHUSETTS	1995	>10,000	RESERVOIR
BRIT.COLUMBIA	1996	2000	RESERVOIR

THE WATERWORKS FLU

A tiny parasite gets the blame for making thousands of Milwaukeeans miserable

By J. MADELEINE NASH CHICAGO

ONLY THE MICROBIOLOGISTS were happy last

first outbreak of cryptosporidiosis in this country, nor is it likely to be the last. Indeed, Walter Jakubowski, a parasitology expert for the Environmental Protection Agency, believes that most of the water is now contaminated. "It's so

located about 10 miles from the river's

the
he
n
?

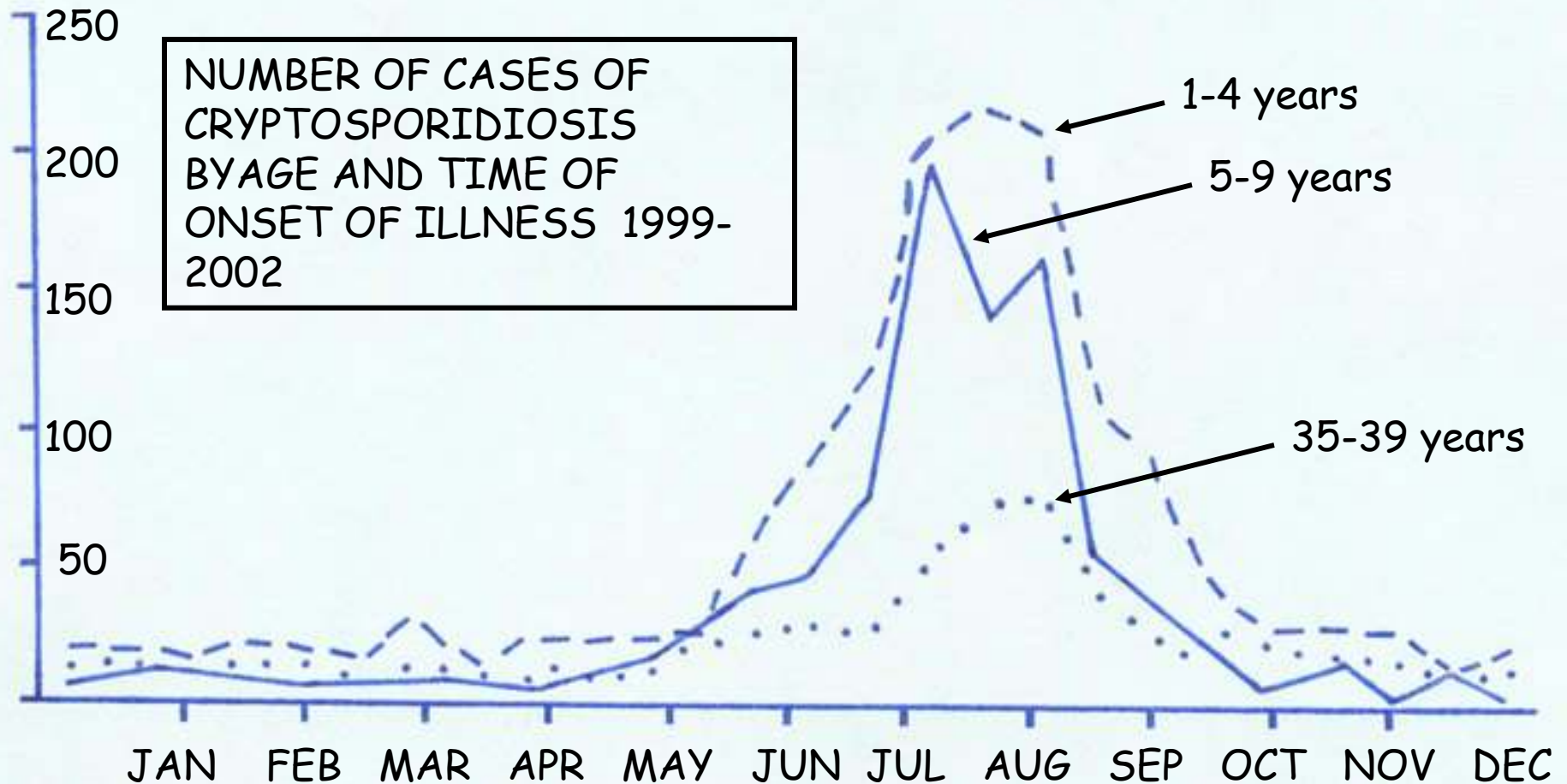
**MILWAUKEE
409,000 PEOPLE
INFECTED**

ions of
can be re-
filtration. Unlike bac-
are not readily killed by chlo-
rine. Furthermore, the tests that water-
purification plants routinely rely on to



Municipal water was taboo, so city residents lined up to fill jugs with clean well water

Seasonality of cryptosporidiosis in the US



Hlavsa et al, 2005



Florida 1

Exceptionally clean, no flies

54%



FL-2

53%



North Carolina 2

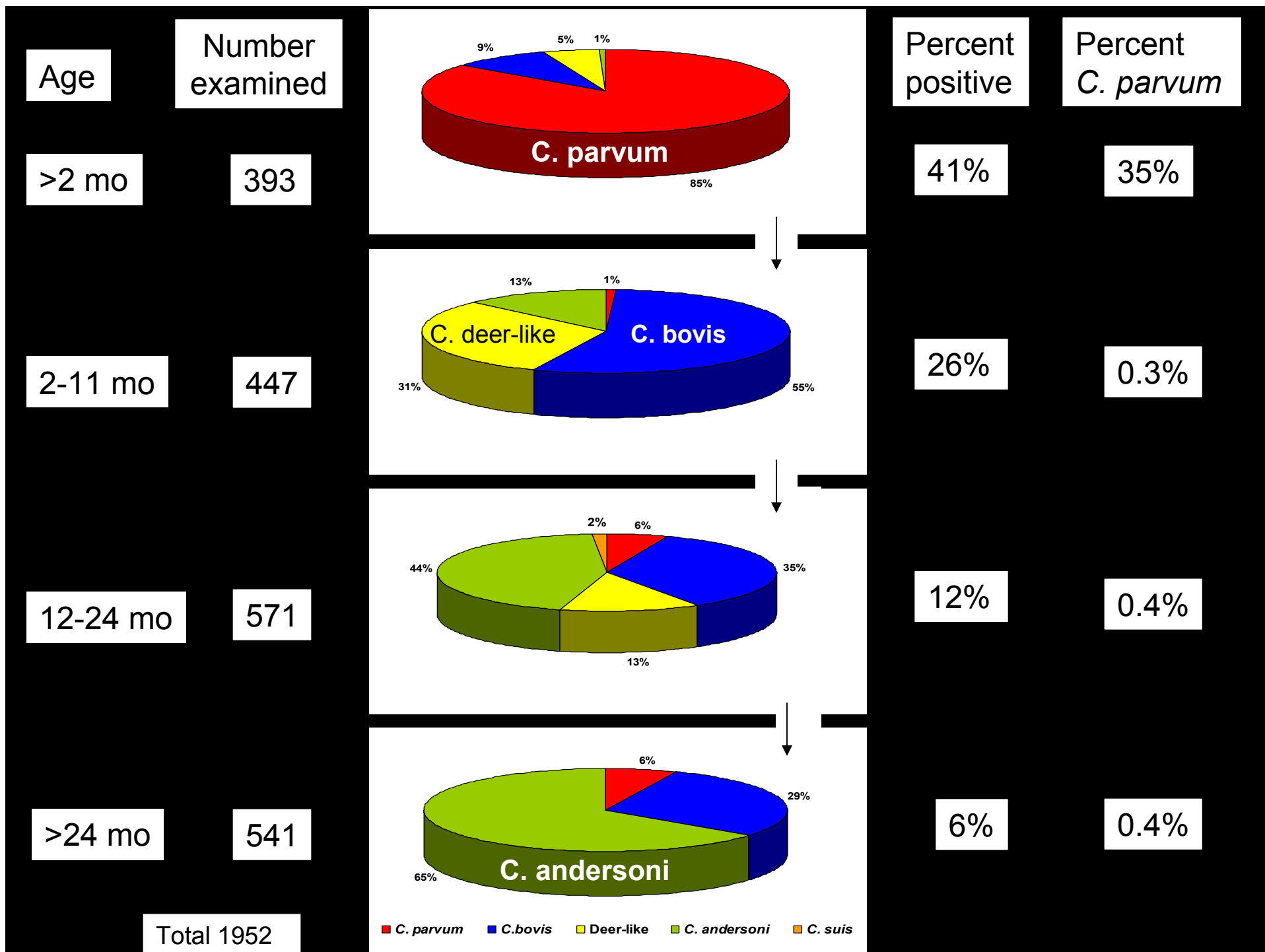
72%



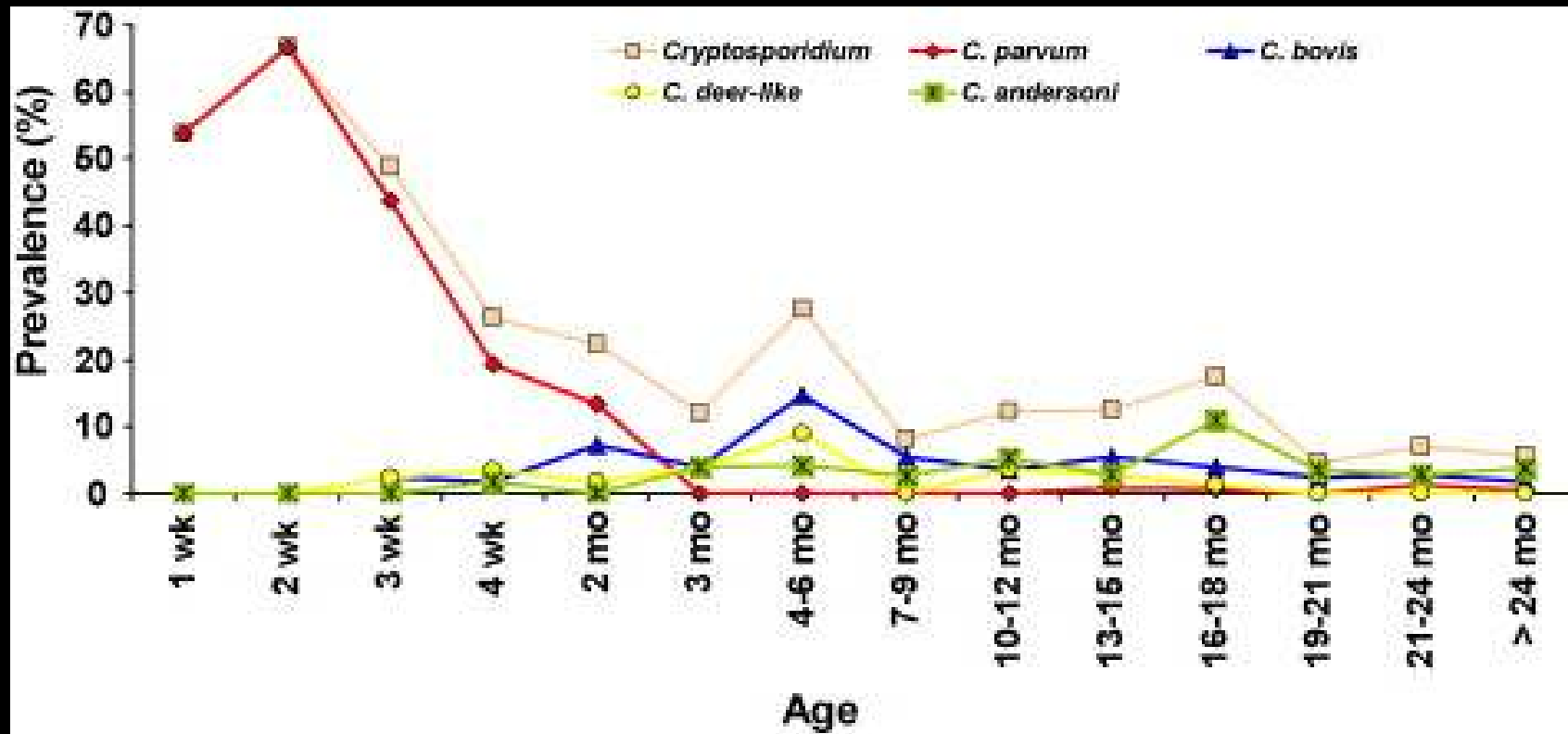
Maryland 1

Pens cleaned daily
Fans keep air moving **52%**

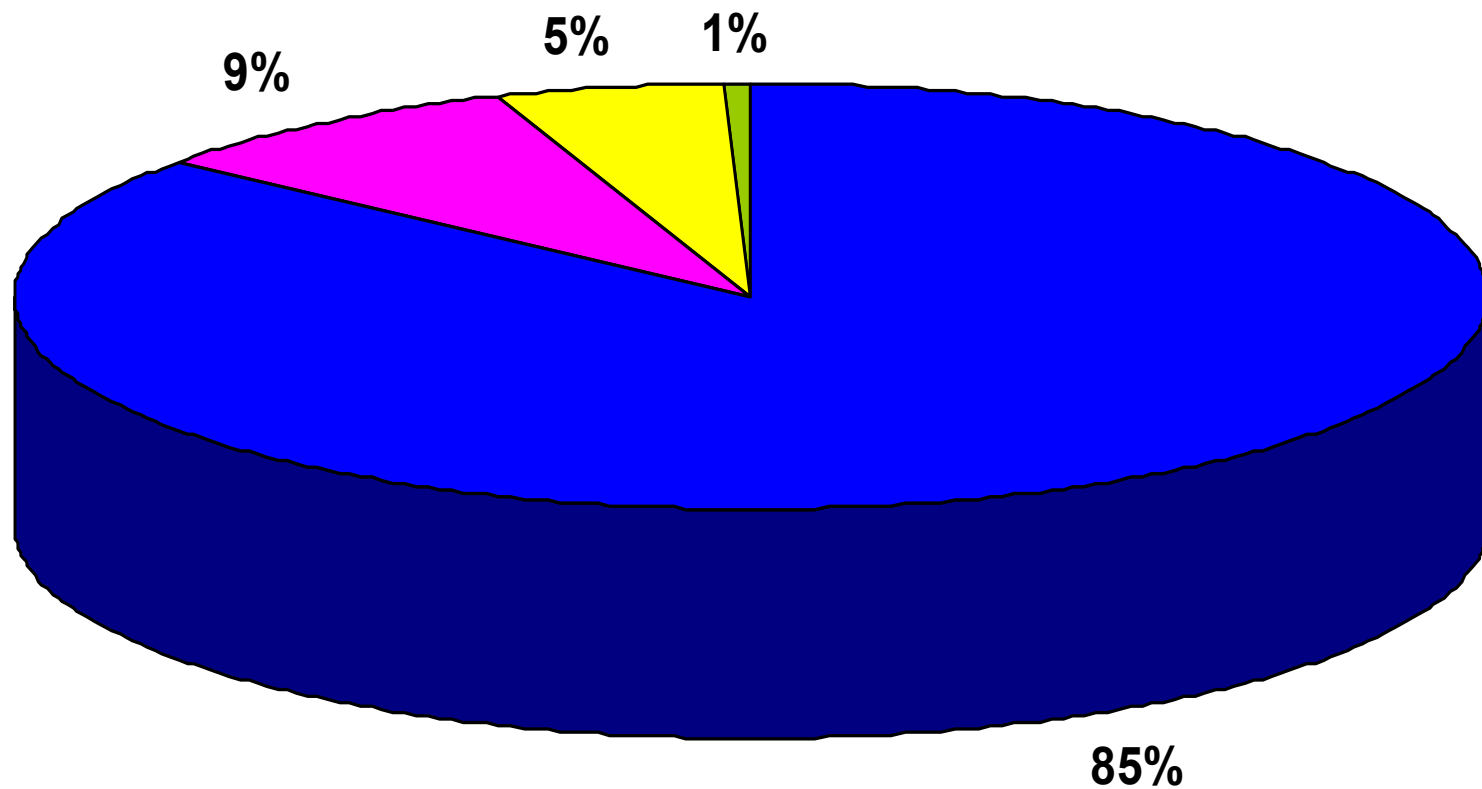




Prevalence of Cryptosporidium vs Age in Dairy Cattle on 15 Farms in 7 States



PRE-WEANED CALVES



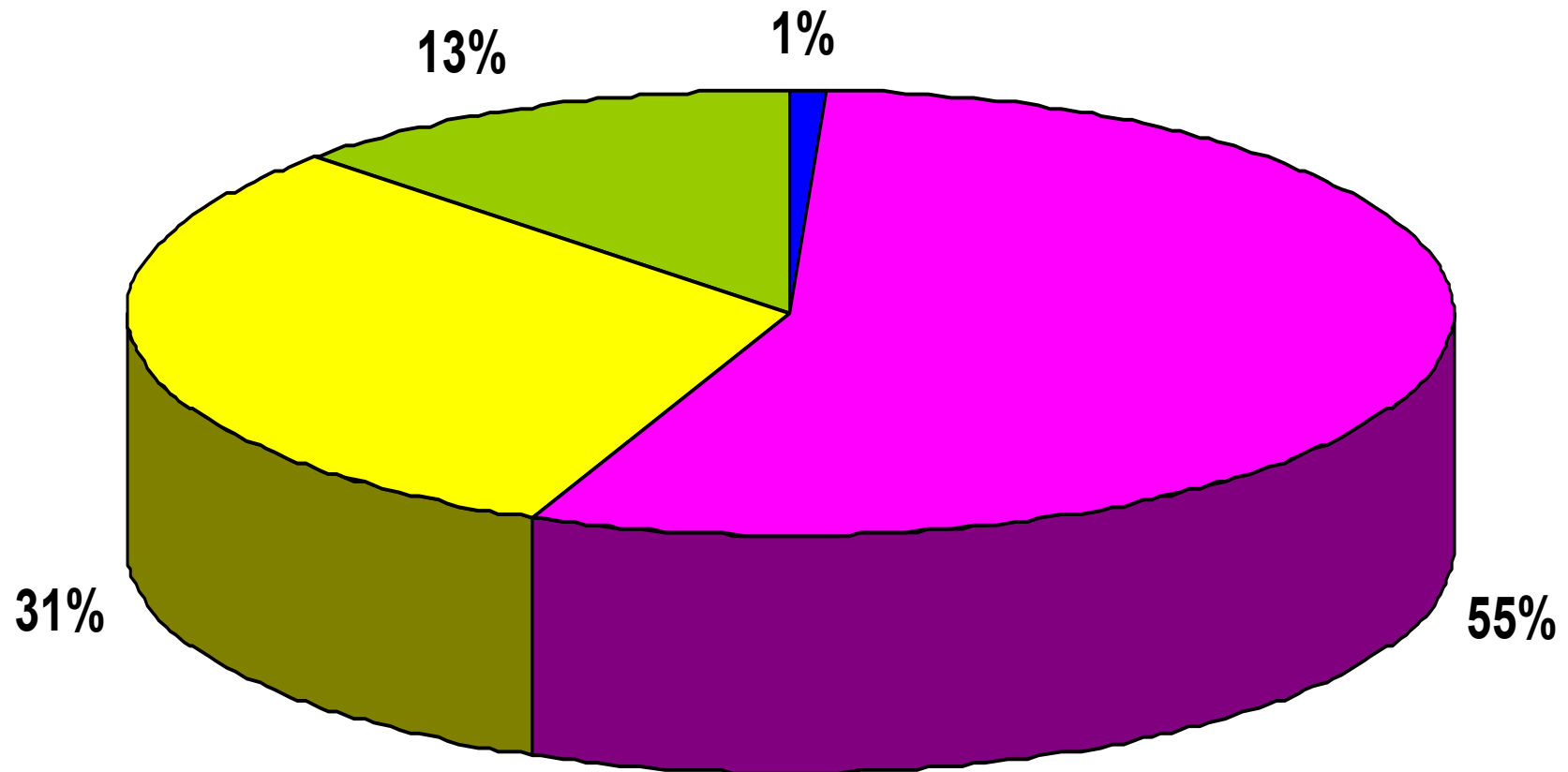
■ C. parvum

■ Cryptosporidium Bovine B

■ Cryptosporidium deer-like

■ C. andersoni

POST-WEANED CALVES



■ C. parvum

■ Cryptosporidium Bovine B

■ Cryptosporidium deer-like

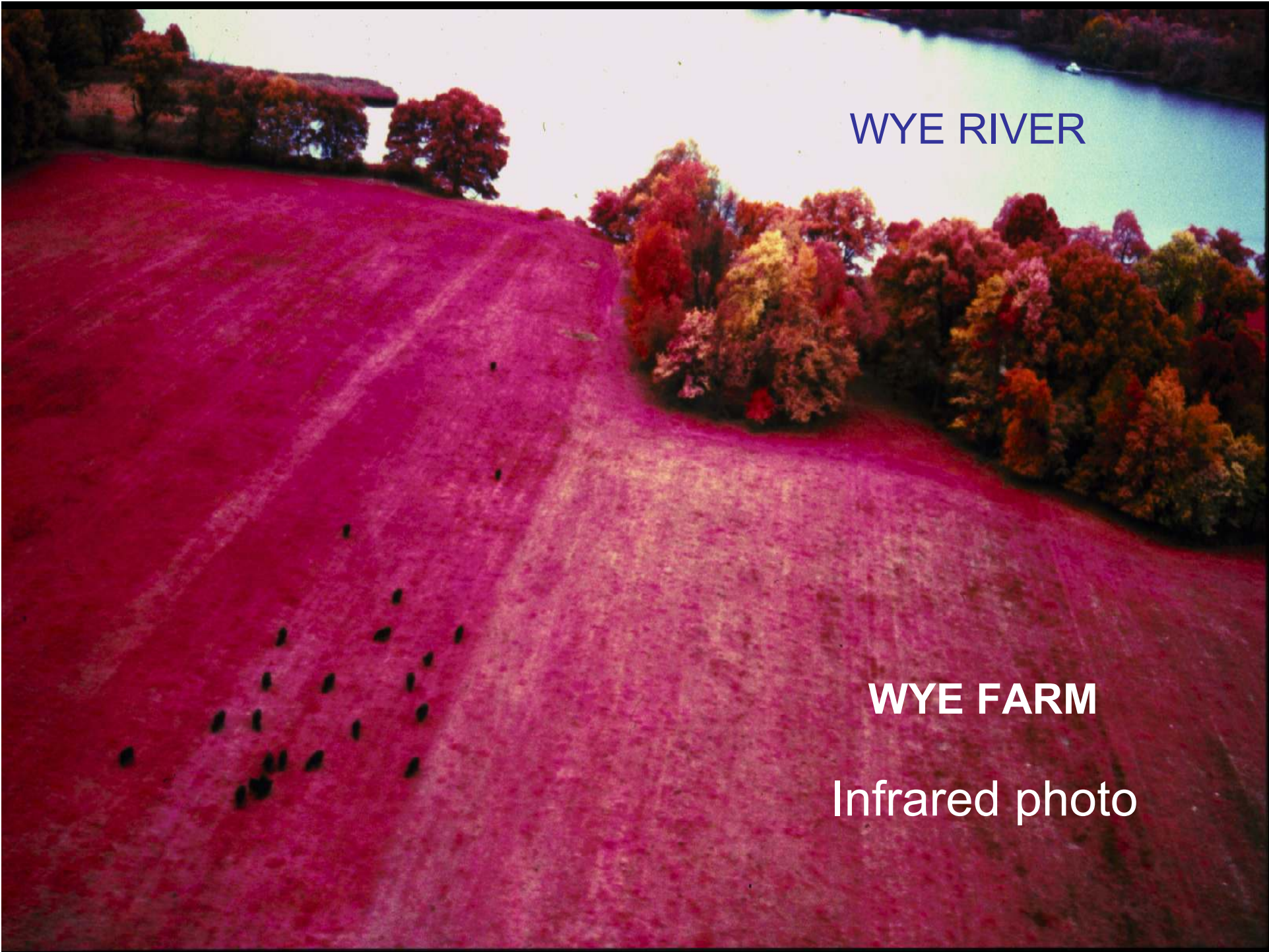
■ C. andersoni

A close-up photograph of a black Angus cow's face. The cow has dark, short fur and a prominent white identification tag on its left ear. The tag contains the numbers '0652', '8329', and '6968'. The cow's eyes are dark and focused forward. The background is slightly blurred, showing a reddish-brown wall.

WYE ANGUS FARM

3 year study

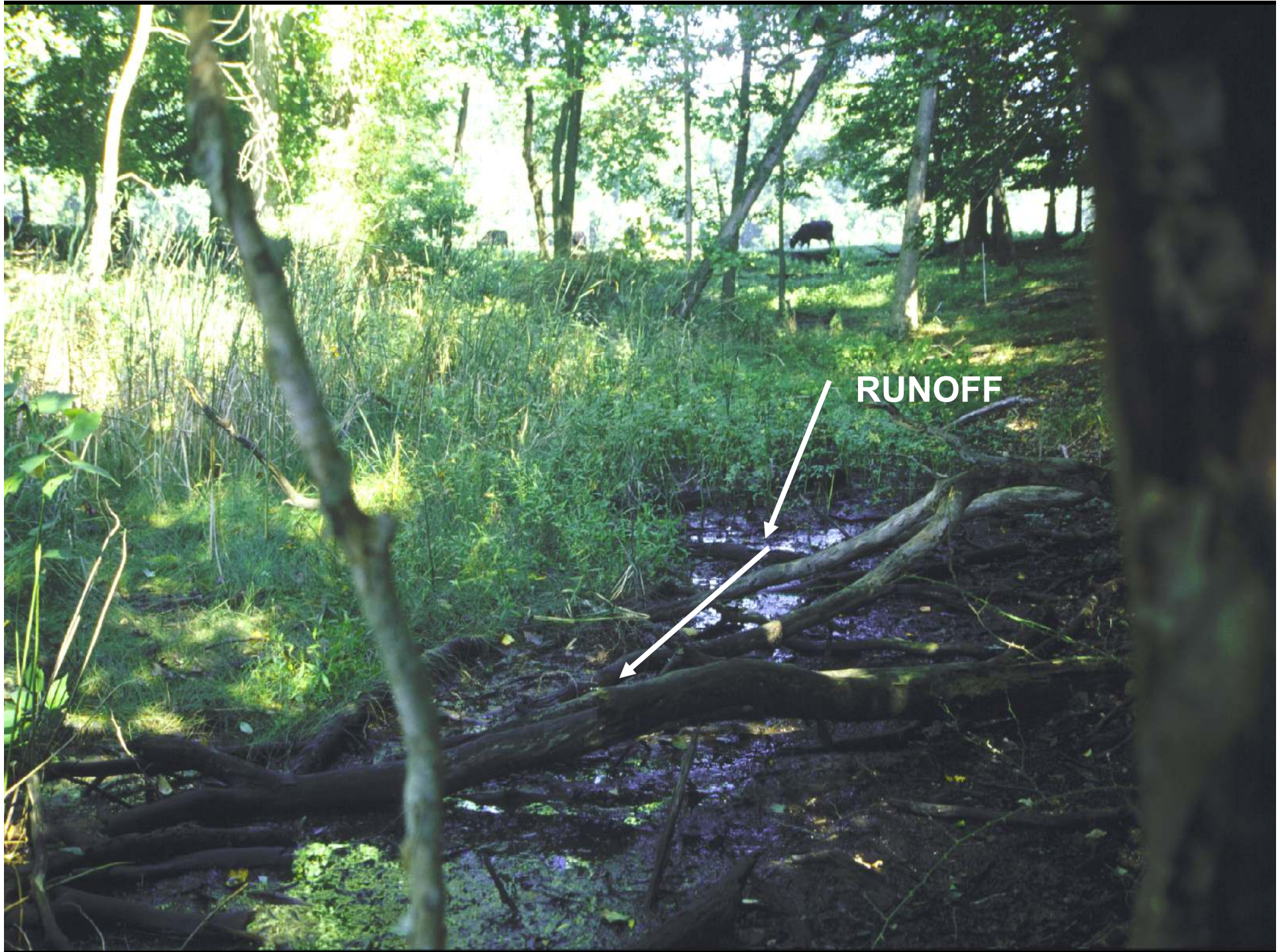
Crypto 22-29%
Giardia 37-53%

An aerial infrared photograph of a rural landscape. The foreground is a large, sloping field with a distinct magenta/pink hue, showing signs of being plowed or tilled. A small cluster of dark, irregular shapes, likely sheep or cattle, is visible in the lower-left portion of the field. To the right, a dense line of trees with varying shades of red, orange, and yellow borders the field. In the upper right, a winding river, the Wye River, is visible, appearing as a light blue-grey feature. The sky is a pale, uniform blue.

WYE RIVER

WYE FARM

Infrared photo



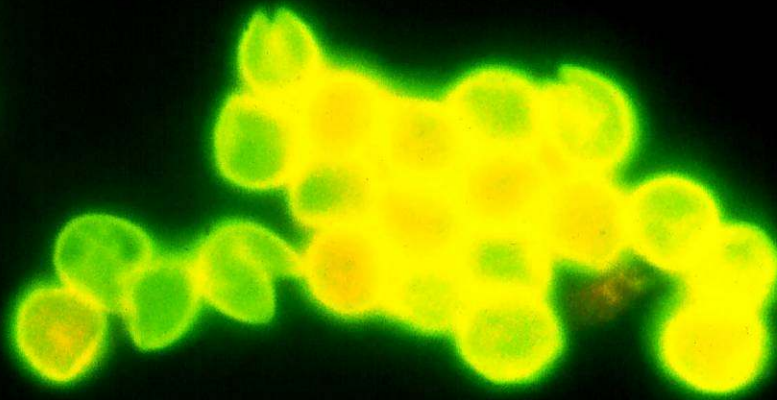
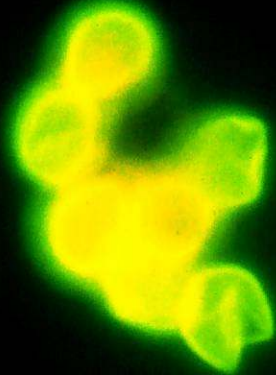
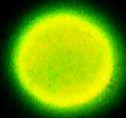


RUNOFF

WYE RIVER

Cryptosporidium

Oocysts



in water sample

> 500 Wild Animal Samples

<u>Species</u>	<u>Crypto*</u>
Beaver	24%
Muskrat	40%
Otter	12%
Fox	33%
White-tailed Deer	58%

***All host specific genotypes**



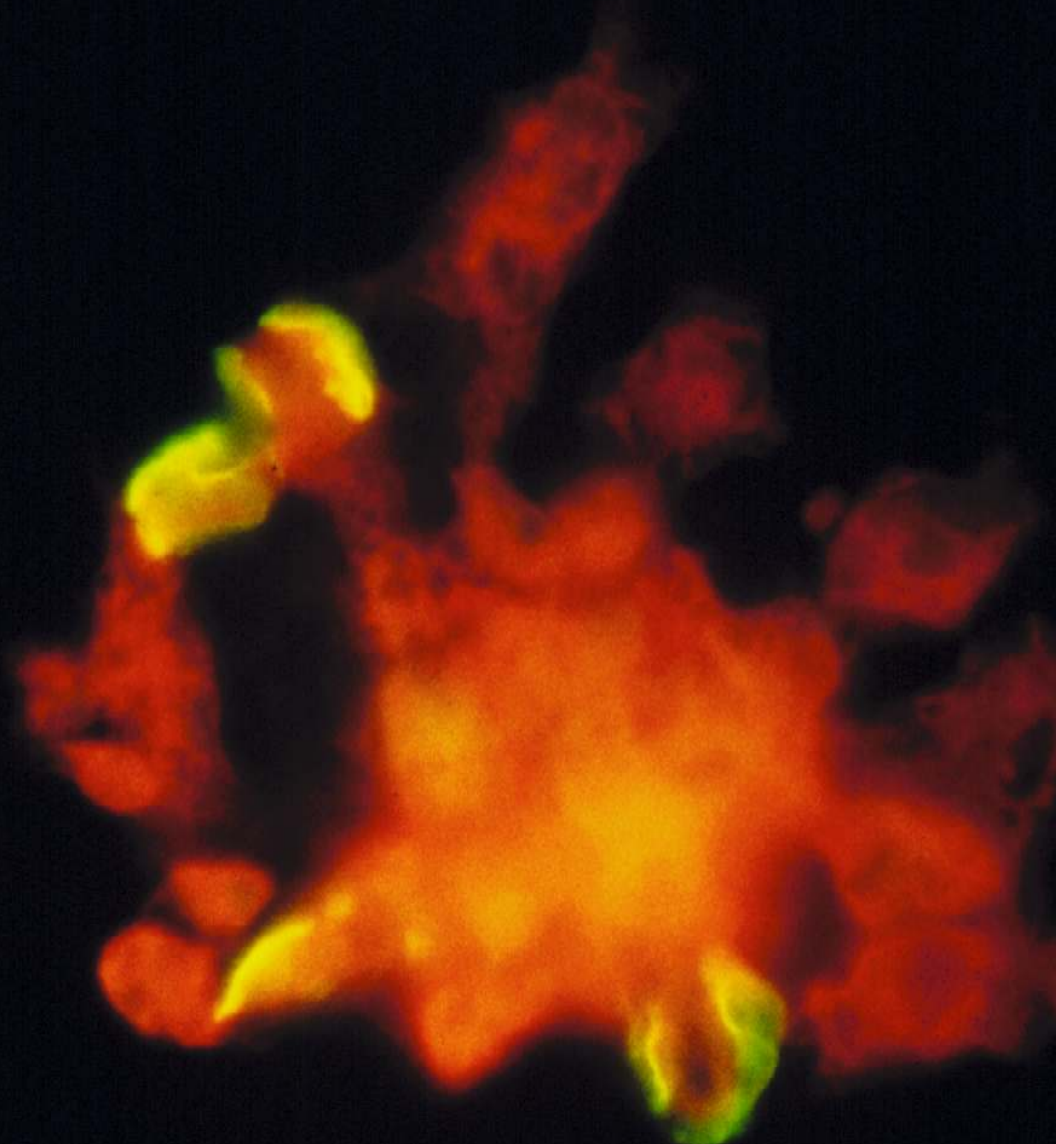
WYE RIVER, MARYLAND



WYE RIVER, MARYLAND







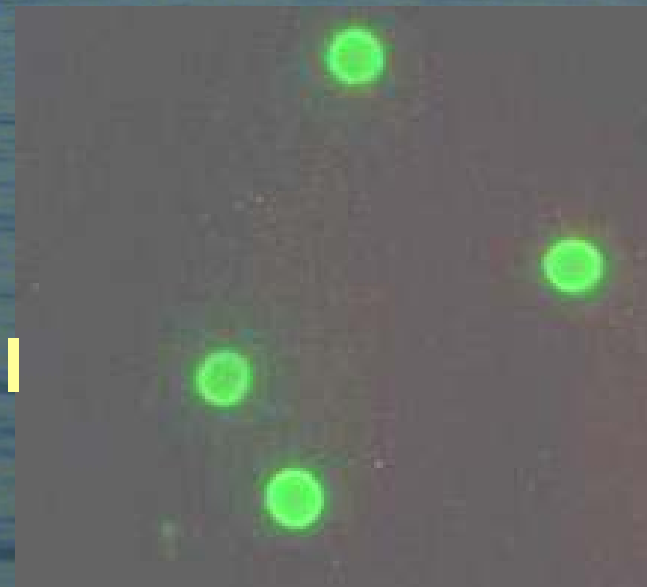
IFA: Hemocyte

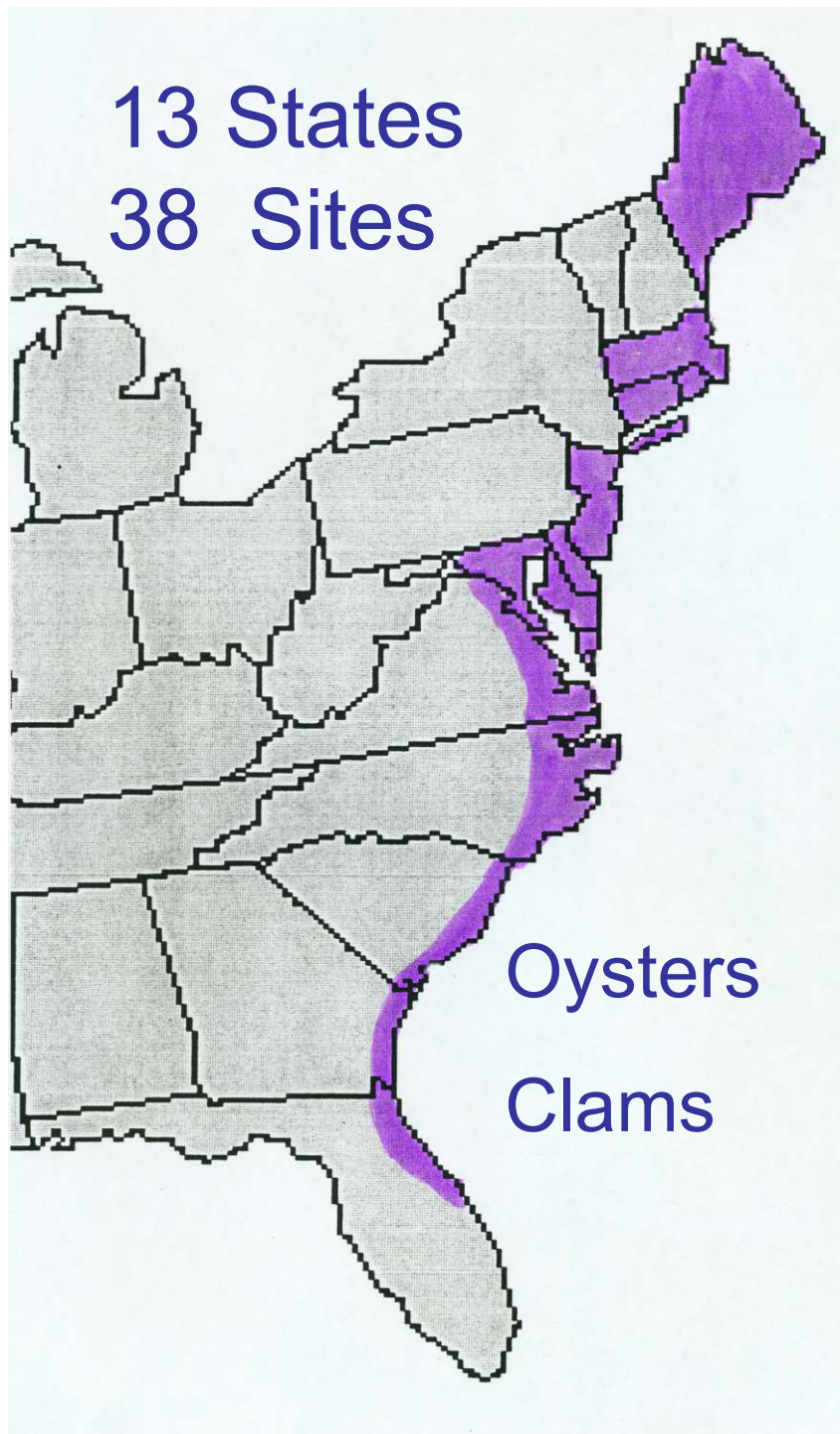
Cryptosporidium in Rivers entering Chesapeake Bay

- *C. parvum* isolated from eastern oysters,
Crassostrea virginica
13 sites in Chesapeake Bay, MD
9 sites open to shellfish harvest
 - Within tissues
 - Gill surfaces
 - Hemocytes

Results of a 3 year study of oysters in Chesapeake Bay

- 8 collections/ 7 sites
- Oocysts of *C. parvum* found in:
 - 20% of 1590 oysters
 - hard clams
 - bent mussels
- Highest percentage of positive shellfish within 1 month of rainfall event





Atlantic Coast Shellfish Survey

IFA / PCR

Maine +

Massachusetts +

Connecticut +

Rhode Island +

New York +

New Jersey +

Delaware -

Maryland +

Virginia +

North Carolina +

South Carolina +

Georgia -

Florida +

Worldwide Reports

cockles mussels oysters clams

Ireland
England
Spain



Italy
Portugal
Netherlands